

15/25kV Class - 600A
15.2 / 26.3kV
Dead-break Connector
Type Test Report

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INTRODUCTION

The Chardon Deadbreak System is a fully shielded and insulated connector for connecting underground cable to transformers, switchgear, and other apparatus equipped with deadbreak bushings, junctions, or other deadbreak connectors.

The Chardon Deadbreak Connector meets all the requirements of IEEE Standard 386, and is fully interchangeable with competitor's products and mating products that also meet IEEE Standard 386.

TEST PROGRAM

i. OBJECT

To verify the Chardon Power Systems 15/25kV Class 600 Amp Separable connector that the parts meet ANSI/IEEE Standard 386-2016.

ii. PROCEDURE

Design tests were performed on the number of samples as specified in Table 8 of IEEE Standard 386-2016. The 15/25kV 600 Amp Separable Connector parts were randomly selected from finished goods inventory and dimensionally checked to ensure that the interfaces were in compliance with the applicable figures of IEEE Standard 386-2016.

iii. PRODUCT LIST

The 15/25kV class 600 Amp Separable Connector System consists of the products listed below:

1.	15/25-TB600	15/25 kV 600A / 900A T-Body
2.	25-IP600	25 kV Insulating Plug
3.	25-DCP	25 kV Connecting Plug
4.	25-ETP600-15-200	15 kV Elbow Tap Plug
5.	25-LRTP600-15-200	15 kV Loadbreak Reducing Tap Plug
6.	25-ETP600-25-200	25 kV Elbow Tap Plug
7.	25-LRTP600-25-200	25 kV Loadbreak Reducing Tap Plug
8.	25-ADP	Cable Adapter
9.	25-DIC600	15/25 kV 600A Insulated Protective Cap
10.	25-DJ600	15/25 kV 600A Deadbreak Junction
11.	MPJ	Multi Point Junction
12.	25-SOB600	15/25 kV 600A Standoff Bushing
13.	25-STUD	Threaded Stud
14.	600BMC	Compression Connector
15.	SBC	Shear Bolted Connector

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1. Sequence A: Partial Discharge Test

Object

To verify the Chardon Deadbreak Systems connectors that the parts meet ANSI/IEEE Standard 386-2016, Section 7.4, 25kV partial discharge requirement of 19kV/5pC.

Procedure and Testing Spec

The purpose of this test is to verify that the partial discharge minimum extinction voltage of the specimen is not less than of the 19kV.

The test voltage shall be raised to 20% above the partial discharge minimum extinction voltage of 19kV. If the partial discharge peak value exceeds 5pC, the test voltage shall be lower to the partial discharge minimum extinction voltage of 19kV and be maintained at this level for at least 3 seconds but not more than 60 seconds. Partial discharge readings taken during the interval 3 seconds to 60 seconds shall not exceed 5pC peak.

Results

The products tested were 1-12 of the Product List on page 1.

For all ten samples of each product tested the corona level was less than 5pC at the specified minimum corona extinction voltage level of 19kV rms.

2. Sequence A: AC Withstand Voltage Test

Object

To verify the Chardon Deadbreak Systems connectors that the parts meet ANSI/IEEE Standard 386-2016, Section 7.5.1, 25kV AC withstand requirement of 40kV/ 1 min.

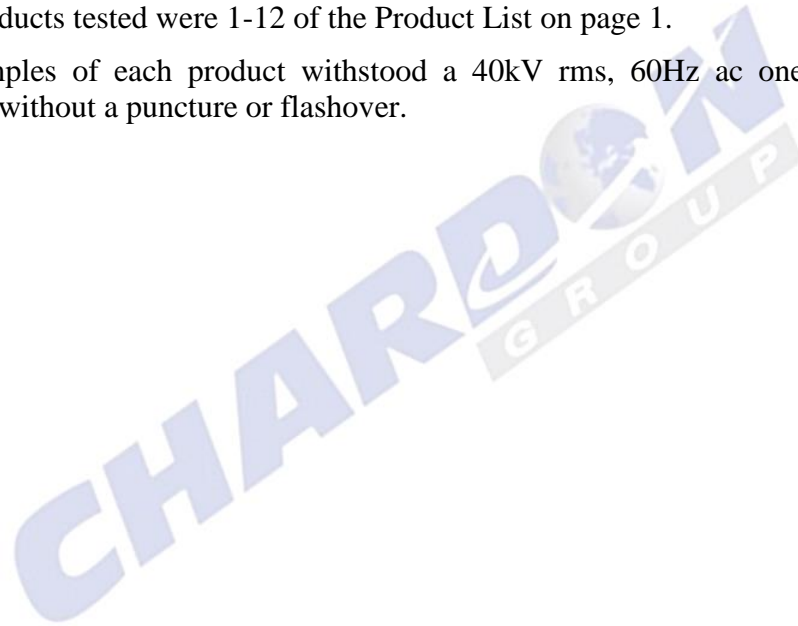
Procedure and Testing Spec

The test voltage shall be raised to the value of 40kV in 30 seconds. The test sample shall withstand the specified test voltage for 1 minute without flashover or puncture.

Results

The products tested were 1-12 of the Product List on page 1.

All samples of each product withstood a 40kV rms, 60Hz ac one minute voltage withstand without a puncture or flashover.



3. Sequence A: Impulse Withstand Voltage

Object

To verify the Chardon Deadbreak Systems connectors that the parts meet ANSI/IEEE Standard 386-2016, Section 7.5.3, impulse withstand testing requirements of $1.2 \times 50 \mu\text{s}$ $\pm 125\text{kV}$ wave., 3 positive and 3 negative full-wave impulses.

Procedure and Testing Spec

The test voltage shall be $1.2/50 \mu\text{s}$ wave having the crest value (BIL) of 125kV. The wave shape shall meet the requirements of IEEE Std 4.

Prior to application of the first full-wave impulse, preconditioning pulses at 50% and then at 75% of the BIL. During a change of polarity, the preconditioning pulse sequence may again be applied.

The connector shall withstand 3 positive and 3 negative full-wave impulses without flashover or puncture.

Results

The products tested were 1-12 of the Product List on page 1.

All samples of each product withstood three positive and three negative full wave impulses with 125 kV crests without a puncture or flashover.

4. Sequence A: Test Point Capacitance Test

Object

To verify the Chardon Deadbreak Systems connectors that the parts meet ANSI/IEEE Standard 386-2016, Section 7.17.1, test point testing requirement.

Procedure and Testing Spec

The purpose of this test is to verify that the capacitance values of the test point meet the requirements of 6.5.1 in IEEE Std 386.

The connector shall be installed on a cable of the type for which it is designed to operate, and the shielding shall be grounded in the normal manner. The capacitances from test point to cable and test point to ground shall be measured with suitable instruments and proper shielding techniques.

The capacitance between the test point and conductor system shall be at least 1.0pF. The ratio of the capacitance between test point and ground shield to the capacitance between the test point and conductor system shall not exceed 12.0.

Results

The product tested were 1 of the Product List on page 1.

The test point capacitance test verified that the capacitance between the test point and conductor was at least 1.0 pF for each of the ten elbow samples. The ratio of capacitance between test point and ground shield to the capacitance between the test point and the conductor system did not exceed 12.0 for each of the ten elbow samples.

5. Sequence A: Test Point Voltage Test

Object

To verify the Chardon Deadbreak Systems connectors that the parts meet ANSI/IEEE Standard 386-2016, Section 7.17.2, test point testing requirement.

Procedure and Testing Spec

The purpose of this is to verify proper operation of the test point.

The connector shall be installed on a cable of the type for which it is designed to operate, and the shielding shall be grounded in the normal manner. With a test elbow latched to the insert, a voltage of 15 ± 2 kV was applied.

Results

The product tested were 1 of the Product List on page 1.

An energized voltage condition was detected on the test points of all ten elbows at an applied voltage of 15 ± 2 kV.

6. Sequence A: Thermal Cycle Withstand Test

Object

To verify the Chardon Deadbreak Systems non-elastomeric separable connectors that the parts meet ANSI/IEEE Standard 386-2016, Section 7.20, thermal cycle withstand testing requirement.

Procedure and Testing Spec

The test samples shall be thermal cycled with mating parts installed.

Ten thermal cycles shall be conducted in air. The temperature cycles shall comply with the thermal cycle profile shown in IEEE std 386-2016. The temperature extremes shall have a tolerance of ± 5 °C.

After completion of the thermal cycles the non-elastomeric components shall be tested to the applicable dielectric withstand test levels for the following:

- Partial discharge test.
- AC withstand voltage.

The aged mating parts may be replaced with new mating parts for the dielectric tests.

Ten samples shall withstand the thermal cycle test without cracking or breaking and shall meet the requirements of the corona voltage level and ac withstand voltage tests.

Results

The product tested were 2, 3 and 12 of the Product List on page 1.

Ten samples withstand the thermal cycle test without cracking or breaking and meet the requirements of the corona voltage level and ac withstand voltage tests.

7. Sequence B: Accelerated Sealing Life Test

Object

To verify the Chardon Deadbreak Systems connectors that the parts meet ANSI/IEEE Standard 386-2016, Section 7.12, accelerated sealing life testing requirement.

Procedure and Testing Spec

Four samples shall be assembled in series on 750kcmil XLPE insulated cable.

The cable shall be compatible with the thermal conditions of this test. A mandrel simulating the test cable may be substituted during the oven aging portion of this test.

The four connector assemblies shall be placed in an oven having 121°C temperature and remain there for three weeks. After this time has elapsed, the four samples shall be removed from the oven and each operated once by using the operating eye or an appropriate location on the axis of the separable interface.

The four connector assemblies shall then be subjected to 50 cycles of the following sequence of operations:

a) The assemblies shall be heated in air using sufficient current to raise the temperature of the conductor of the control cable to $90^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the following time period:

2) 600 A and 900A connectors: 4 h

b) The assemblies shall be de-energized and within 3 min, submerged in $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ conductive water (5000 $\Omega\text{-cm}$ maximum) to a depth of 30 cm (1 ft) for the following time periods:

2) 600 A and 900A connectors: 2 h

After the 50th cycle, the connector and cable assembly shall withstand a design impulse test (see 7.5.3).

The test point, if provided, shall be capable of passing the voltage test specified in 7.17.2.

Results

The products tested were 1-3, 8, 10-11 and 13-15 of the Product List on page 1.

Following the 50 accelerated sealing life test cycles, all four assemblies withstood three positive and three negative full wave impulses having 125kV crest values, without a puncture or flashover.

After the impulse test, the elbow test point of each assembly indicated an energized condition with an applied voltage of 15 ± 2 kV.

8. Individual tests: Short-time Current Test

Object

To verify the Chardon Deadbreak Systems connectors that the parts meet ANSI/IEEE Standard 386-2016, Section 7.6, short-time current testing requirement.

Procedure and Testing Spec

The peak value of the first major loop of a current wave shall be not less than the value specified in Table 4 multiplied by 2.63 ($X/R=20$) for 600 A connectors. The magnitude shall be measured in accordance with ANSI/IEEE C37.09.

Connectors shall withstand the current without separation of interfaces or impairing the ability to meet the other requirements of the standard.

Results

The products tested were 1-3, 8, 10-11 and 13-15 of the Product List on page 1.

All samples of each product withstood short-time currents with magnitudes and durations of 10,000 amperes symmetrical for 3 seconds and 25,000 amperes symmetrical for 0.17 seconds (10 cycles) without any separation of the interfaces or impairing the connector's ability to meet the other requirements of IEEE Standard 386-2016.

9. Individual tests: Current-cycling Test

Object

To verify the Chardon Deadbreak Systems connectors that the parts meet ANSI/IEEE Standard 386-2016, Section 7.11, current-cycling test for uninsulated components of 600 A and 900A connectors.

Procedure and Testing Spec

A control cable, used for the purpose of obtaining conductor temperature, shall be installed in the current cycling loop between two equalizers. Its length shall be 183 cm (72 in). The control cable shall be the same type as the cable used to join the connectors under test.

Four samples shall be assembled in series on 750kcmil XLPE insulated cable having a length of 91 cm (36 in). The cable insulation thickness shall be selected according to its voltage class.

Current-cycling tests shall be conducted at an ambient temperature of 15°C to 35°C in a space free of drafts.

The current-cycle amperes shall be adjusted to result in a steady-state temperature of 90°C ± 5°C on the surface of the conductor of the control cable. The temperature shall be measured at the approximate center of the control cable.

The test shall consist of 50 current cycles, with the current on 6 h and off 6 h for each cycle. The temperature of the hottest spot of the connector shall be measured every ten cycles and shall not exceed the temperature of the conductor of the control cable.

Results

The products tested were 1-3, 8, 10-11 and 13-15 of the Product List on page 1.

The temperatures at each transfer point did not exceed the temperature of the control conductor during the test.

10. Individual tests: Test Point Cap Test

Object

To verify the Chardon Deadbreak Systems connectors that the parts meet ANSI/IEEE Standard 386-2016, Section 7.16, test point cap testing requirement.

Procedure and Testing Spec

A tensile force shall be gradually applied to the test point cap in the direction parallel with the probe axis at -20°C , $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$, and $+65^{\circ}\text{C}$.

A tensile force of 445 N (100 lbf) shall be applied to the test point cap operating eye for 1 min at -20°C , $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$, and $+65^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Some distortion of the operating eye is acceptable provided the test point cap is serviceable after the test.

Results

The product tested were 1 of the Product List on page 1.

The test point cap operating force of each sample was within the specified requirements of 8 to 49 pounds-force at each temperature of -20°C , $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $+65^{\circ}\text{C}$.

The test point cap operating eye of each sample withstood the applied tensile force of 100 pounds-force at each temperature of -20°C , $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $+65^{\circ}\text{C}$.

11. Individual tests: Shielding Resistance Test

Object

To verify the Chardon Loadbreak Systems connectors that the parts meet ANSI/IEEE Standard 592-2007, Section 4.2, shielding resistance requirement.

Procedure and Testing Spec

Connectors shall have an electrically conductive shield and, where required, shall have provision for connecting an external ground to the shield. Except for nonelastomeric components, connectors shall meet the requirements of IEEE Std 592.

IEEE Std 592 4.2 Shield resistance test:

The resistance of the semiconducting shield shall be measured using the voltmeter-ammeter method, with either an AC or DC current supply. The current connections shall be as follows:

- For a separable insulated connector, the current connections shall be made on the shield at the cable entrance and at the farthest shield extremity, using a circumferential connection at both locations to give a uniform current distribution.
- For a joint, the current connections shall be made on the shield at the cable entrance and at the physical center of the shield, using a circumferential connection at both points to give a uniform current distribution.

The voltage shall be measured with the current adjusted to $1.0 \text{ mA} \pm 0.2 \text{ mA}$.

- Resistance measurements shall be made on test specimens that have had the following histories:
 - a) Unaged
 - b) Air oven aged for 504 h at $121^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Resistance measurements shall be made with the test specimen temperature at $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ and at $90^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Results

The product tested were 1 of the Product List on page 1.

The shield resistance measurements between the extremities of the elbow were all less than the maximum allowable 5000 ohms.

12. Individual tests: Fault-current Initiation Test

Object

To verify the Chardon Deadbreak Systems connectors that the parts meet ANSI/IEEE Standard 592-2007, Section 4.3, fault-current initiation testing requirement.

Procedure and Testing Spec

Connectors shall have an electrically conductive shield and, where required, shall have provision for connecting an external ground to the shield. Except for nonelastomeric components, connectors shall meet the requirements of IEEE Std 592.

IEEE Std 592 4.3 Fault-current initiation test:

1) The test samples shall be assembled onto the cable(s) in conformance with the manufacturer's instructions, with the exception that the metallic cable shield shall be extended over the accessory shield.

2) The fault rod shall be of an erosion resistant metal, such as copper-tungsten, 3/8-in in diameter, and threaded at one end to engage the accessory connector through a drilled hole not to exceed 3/8-in in diameter.

3) The fault rod placement and the attitude of the accessory during the fault initiation test shall be as shown in standard. For separable insulated connectors, the rod shall be as close to the shield extremity as practicable. For joints, the rod shall be in the physical center of the connector.

4) The voltage source shall be connected between specimen neutral ground and cable conductor. The test voltage is 7kV. With an available short circuit current of 10 000 A rms symmetrical, the test specimen shall be subjected to two tests that cause initiation of a fault-current arc to ground. Each operation shall have a minimum current flow duration of 10 cycles at the normal power frequency used. After energizing the test circuit, the fault initiation must occur within 3 s. The second test shall be initiated in the shortest practical time. The test specimen must not be disturbed between operations.

Results

The product tested were 1 of the Product List on page 1.

Of the successful switching assemblies, ten consecutive samples passed the 10kA, 0.20 second, 26.3kV phase-to-phase fault-closure with no external ground current, all component parts remained within the closed connector assembly and at least one connector was closed when the voltage was 80% or more of the peak test voltage.